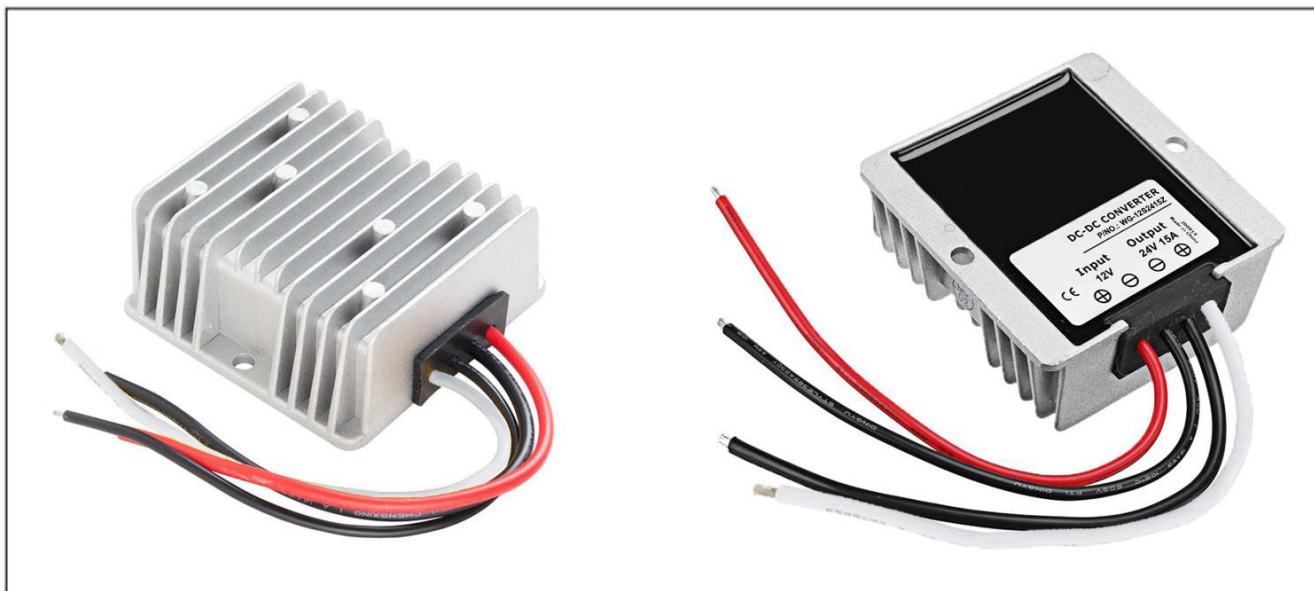


Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
10-23V DC	24V DC	15 Amps	360 Watts	96%	74*74*32mm



The WG-12S2415Z is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 74mm x 74mm x 32mm (2.91 in. x 2.91 in. x 1.26 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 24 V and the maximum output current of 15A.

## Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 96% (@ 12Vin, 25℃)
- Import materials, high reliability
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Support -40 °C environment
- Advanced switch mode design
- OT, OC, LV protections
- Epoxy potting, waterproof protection
- 2 Years warranty
- Mount in almost any location
- Cooling by free air convection

## Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- RVs & EVs
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

## Model naming method

# WG-12S2415Z

**12** : Input rated voltage

**S** : Single output type

**24** : Output voltage

**15** : Output current

**Z** : Shape of case

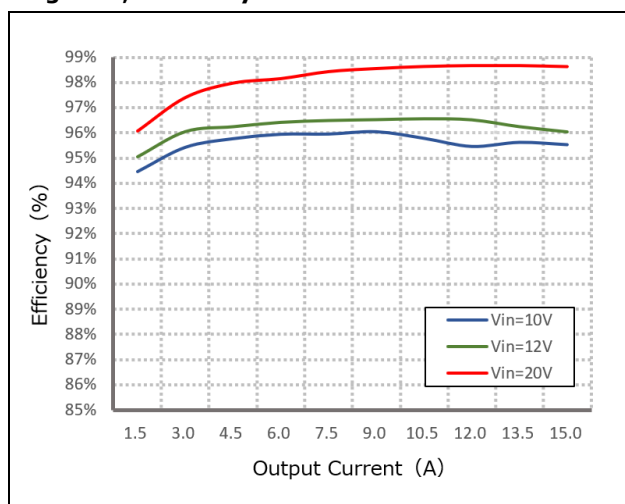
Electrical Specifications					
Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =12V, Vout =24V, unless otherwise specified.					
Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Remarks
<b>Absolute maximum ratings</b>					
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+50	°C	
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	83	°C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Kpa	
Altitude	-	-	4000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
<b>Input characteristics</b>					
Input voltage	10	12	23	V	-
Max. input voltage	-	-	24	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	9.0	9.2	9.6	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	10.0	10.4	11.0	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	42	A	Vin =10V; Iout =15A
No load current	-	50	100	mA	Vin =12V
Positive electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	
Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the product has this feature
Fuse	-	50	-	A	Input positive has built-in fuse
<b>Output characteristics</b>					
Efficiency	-	96	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =15A
Output voltage	23.8	24.2	24.4	V	Vin =12V; Iout =15A
Regulator accuracy	-	±5	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±3	-	%	
Load Regulation	-	±3	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	NA	-	V	
Output current	0	-	15	A	
Overcurrent protection	18	20	21	A	Vin=12V
External capacitance	-	NA	-	μF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	220	400	mVp-p	Vin =10-23V; Iout=15A, Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage rise time	-	7	12	mS	
Boot delay time	-	15	20	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	-	5	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75% Load step
Over temperature protection	-	NA	-	°C	
Short circuit protection	-	NO	-		Boost Converter Output can't shorted
Positive electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	

Safety and EMC features				
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	-	V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no arcing
	Input to Shell	≥500	V	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	
Insulation resistance	Input to Output	≥50	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V
	Input to Shell			
	Output to Shell			
Other characteristics				
Weight	≤ 290		g	
Package	White box			
MTBF	≥200,000		H	Vin= 12V; Iout= 15A
Switching frequency	100±10		KHz	

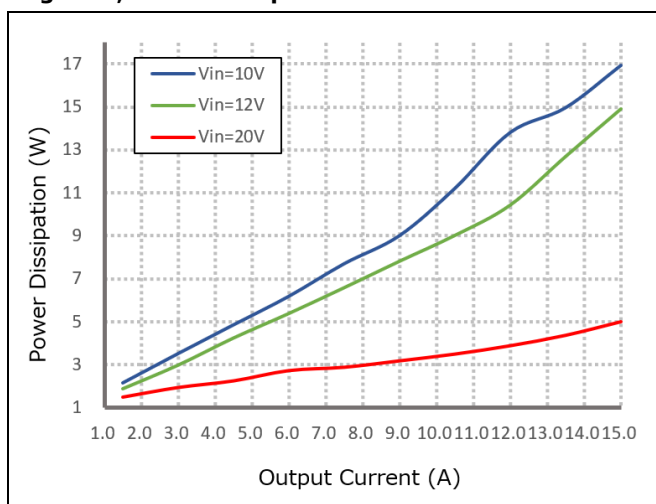
### Characteristic Curves

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12 V, Vout = 24 V , unless otherwise specified.

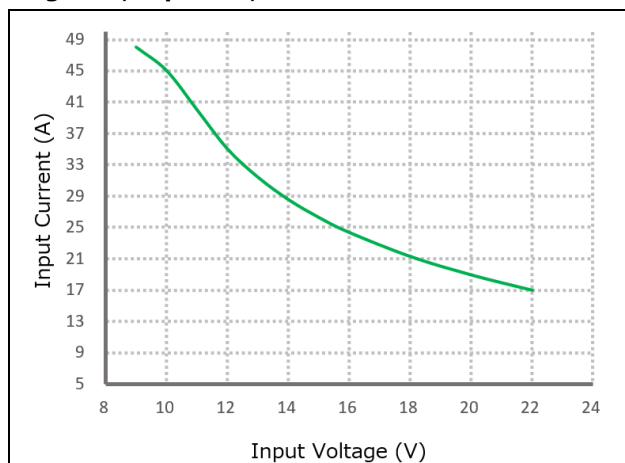
**Figure 1, Efficiency**



**Figure 2, Power dissipation**



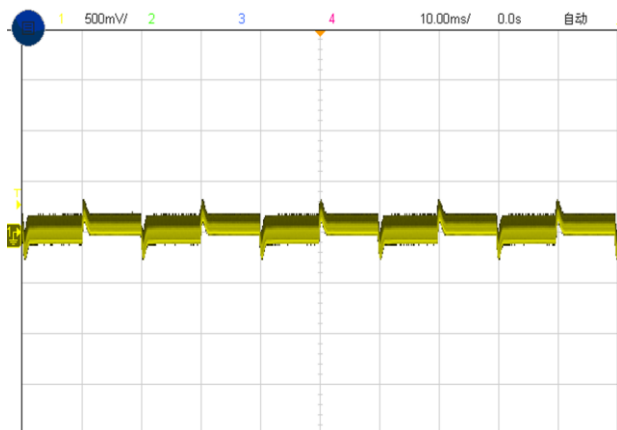
**Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=15A**



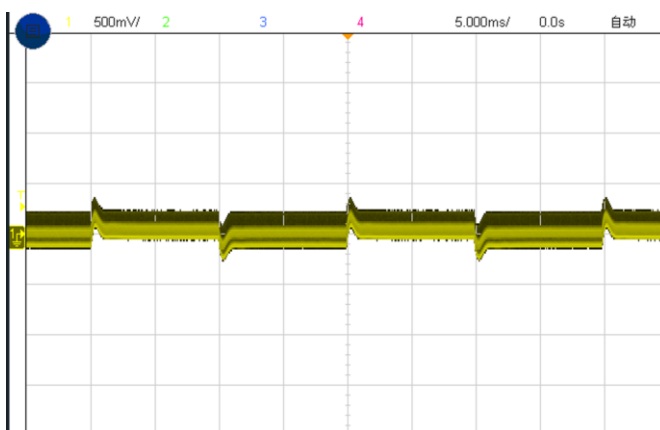
## Typical Waveforms

Conditions:  $T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$  ( $77^\circ \text{F}$ ),  $V_{in} = 12\text{V}$ , unless otherwise specified.

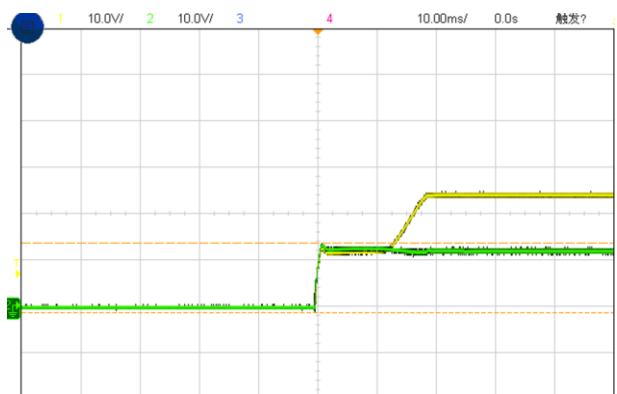
**Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic**



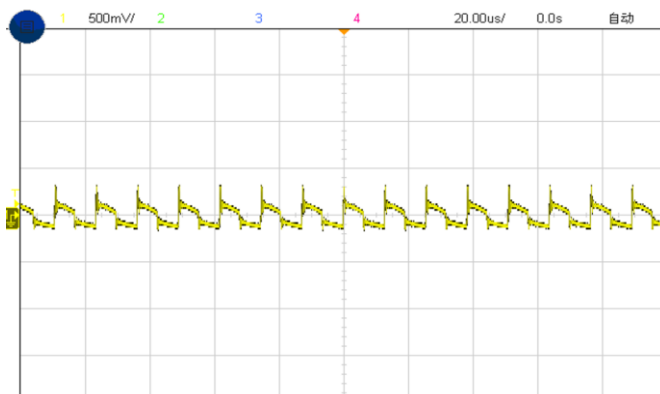
**Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic**



**Figure 6, Output voltage established ( $I_{out} = 15\text{A}$ )**



**Figure 7, Output ripple & noise ( $I_{out} = 15\text{A}$ )**

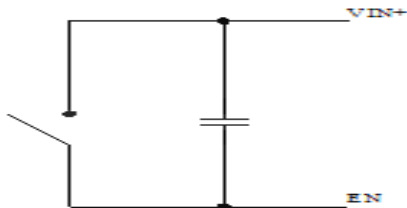


## Feature Description

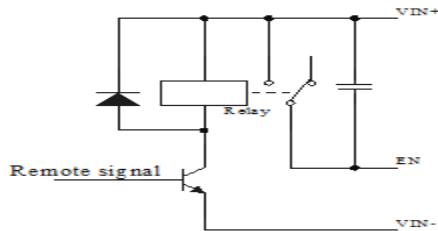
### Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low level (0 - 10Vdc)	High level (10-23Vdc)	Left open
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

### Various circuits for driving the EN



Simple control



Transistor control

### Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

### Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

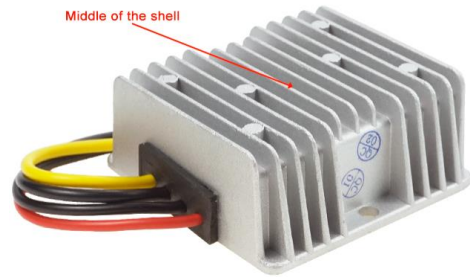
## Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.

### Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WG-12S2415Z

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WG-12S2415Z to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



### Dimension

