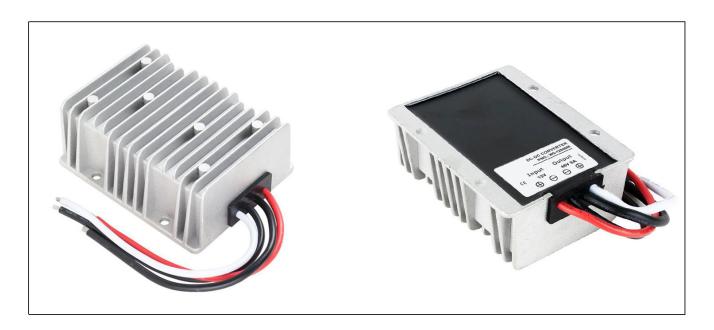




Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
10-20V DC	48V DC	8 Amps	384 Watts	95.7%	100*80*39mm



The WG-12S4808 is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of  $100 \text{mm} \times 80 \text{mm} \times 39 \text{mm}$  (3.94 in. x 3.15 in. x 1.54 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 48V and the maximum output current of 8A.

## **Features**

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 95.7% (@12Vin,  $25^{\circ}$ C)
- Non-isolated between input and output
- Mount in almost any location, high reliability
- 100% full stable current output
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Over load, Low voltage protections
- Waterproof level IP68
- 1 Year warranty

## **Applications**

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart & Car
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

**Model naming method** 

WG-12S4808

12 : Input rated voltageS : Single output type

48: Output voltage

08: Output current

# Non-Isolated DC/DC Converter Specification Model No.: WG-12S4808



# **Electrical Specifications**

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =12V, Vout =48V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Absolute maximum rati	ngs				
Operating ambient					
temperature	-40	-	+55	°C	
Shell ambient					
temperature	-40	-	80	°C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Кра	
Altitude	-	-	4000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
Input characteristics					
Input voltage	10	12	20	V	-
Max. input voltage	-	-	20	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	9.2	9.5	9.8	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	10.0	10.2	10.8	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	48.6	А	Vin =9.6V; Iout =8A
No load current	-	71	100	mA	Vin =12V
Positive electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is
Negative electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Enable PIN cable	-	N/A	-	AWG	If the product has this feature
Fuse	-	80	-	Α	Input positive has built-in fuse
Output characteristics		,			
Efficiency	-	95.7%	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =8A
Output voltage	47.4	48.0	48.6	V	Vin =12V; Iout =8A
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±1	-	%	
Load Regulation	-	±1	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	N/A	-	V	
Output current	0	-	8	Α	Vin =10-20V
Overcurrent protection	9	13	20	Α	Vin=12V
External capacitance	-	NA	-	μF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	_	149	400	mVp-p	Vin =10-20V; Iout=8A,
Output ripple and noise		143	400	шурр	Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage rise time	-	240	300	mS	
Boot delay time	-	255	300	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	-	5	%	
Over temperature	_	_	95	°C	Shell
protection				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Short circuit protection	-	NO	-		Output can't shorted for boost converters
Positive electrode cable	14	_	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is
Negative electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.



Safety and EMC features							
	Input to Output	-	V	Lankaga ayyuant < 2 FmA 1min			
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Shell ≥500		V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min,			
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	no breakdown, no arcing			
Insulation resistance	Input to Output		МΩ				
	Input to Shell	≥10		Test voltage = 500V DC			
	Output to Shell						
Other characteristics							
Weight	≤ 550		g				
Package	White box						
MTBF	≥200,000		Н	Vin= 12V; Iout= 8A			
Switching frequency	100±10		KHz				

# **Characteristic Curves**

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, Vout = 48V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

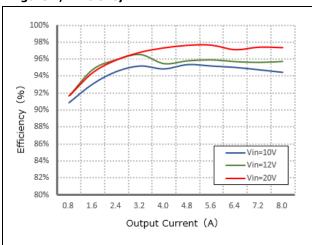


Figure 2, Power dissipation

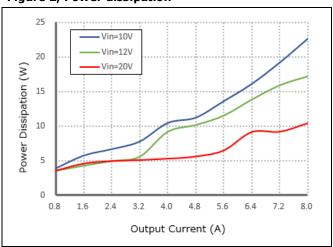
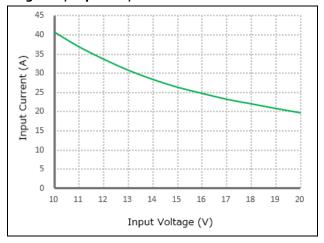


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=8A





# **Typical Waveforms**

Conditions: TA =  $25^{\circ}$  C ( $77^{\circ}$  F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic



Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic



Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 8A)

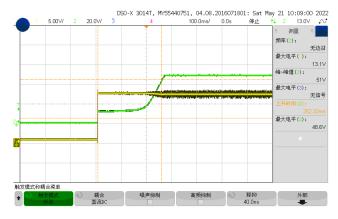
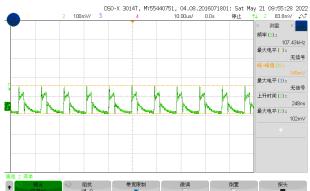
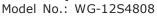


Figure 7, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 8A)





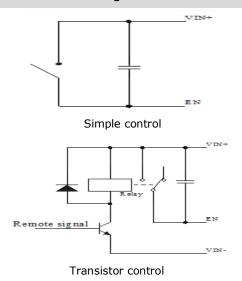


#### **Feature Description**

## Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic	Low level	High level	Left open
Enable	(0 - 10Vdc)	(10-20Vdc)	
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

## Various circuits for driving the EN



#### **Input Undervoltage Protection**

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

## **Output Overcurrent Protection**

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

## **Overtemperature Protection**

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

## **Wiring Instructions**

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.



# **Thermal Consideration**

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WG-12S4808

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WG-12S4808 to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



## **Dimension**

