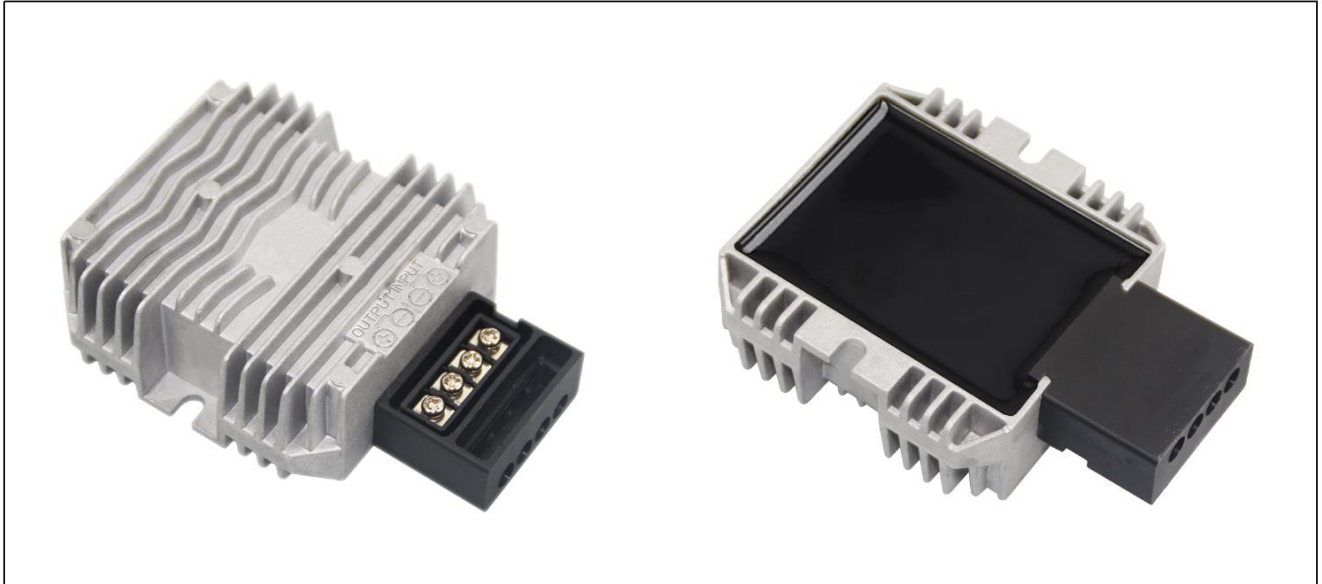


Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
18-36V DC	12V DC	10 Amps	120 Watts	92%	74*74*29.5mm



The WGI10-24S12M is an isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 74mm x 74mm x 29.5mm (2.91 in. x 2.91 in. x 1.16 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 12V and the maximum output current of 10 A.

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 92% (@ 24Vin, 25°C)
- Isolated between input and output
- Imported components, high reliability
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, Over load, Over temperature, **reverse** protections
- Waterproof level IP67
- 2 Years warranty

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart & Forklift
- EV & RVs
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical and so on.

Model naming method

WGI10-24S12M

24 : Input rated voltage

S : Single output type

12 : Output voltage

10 : Output current

I : Isolated type

M : Shape of shell

Electrical Specifications

Conditions: TA = 25° C (77° F), Airflow = 1.0 m/s (200 LFM), Vin = 24V, Vout = 12V , unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Absolute maximum ratings					
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+55	° C	
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	80	° C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	° C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Kpa	
Altitude	-	-	2000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
Input characteristics					
Input voltage	18	24	36	V	-
Max. input voltage	-	-	40	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	16.8	17.2	17.5	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	17.3	17.5	18	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	10	A	Vin = 18V; Iout = 10A
No load current	-	15	30	mA	Vin = 24V
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	
Enable PIN cable	-	-	-	AWG	If the product has this feature
Fuse	-	20	-	A	
Output characteristics					
Efficiency	-	92	-	%	Vin = 24V; Iout = 10A
Output voltage	11.85	12	12.25	V	Vin = 24V; Iout = 10A
Regulator accuracy	-	±3	±5	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±2	±3	%	
Load Regulation	-	±1	±2	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	-	20	V	Hiccup mode (output)
Output current	0	-	10	A	
Overcurrent protection	12	13	15	A	
External capacitance	-	-	-	µF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	44	250	mVp-p	Vin = 18-36V; Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz;
Output voltage rise time	-	6	50	mS	
Boot delay time	-	51	300	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	-	5	%	
Over temperature protection	-	-	90	° C	Shell temperature, @ 70° C Restore working
Short circuit protection	-	YES	-		Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not damaged, Hiccup mode
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	

Safety and EMC features				
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	≥1500	V	Leakage current ≤ 1mA, 1min, no breakdown, no arcing
	Input to Shell	≥1500	V	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	
Insulation resistance	Input to Output	≥10	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V
	Input to Shell			
	Output to Shell			
Other characteristics				
Weight	≤290		g	
Package	White box			
MTBF	≥100,000		H	Vin = 24V; Iout = 10A
Switching frequency	130±10		KHz	

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: $T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$ (77°F), $V_{in} = 24\text{V}$, $V_{out} = 12\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

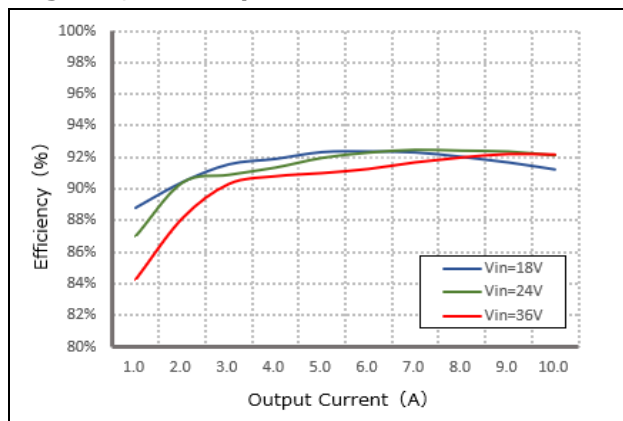


Figure 2, Power dissipation

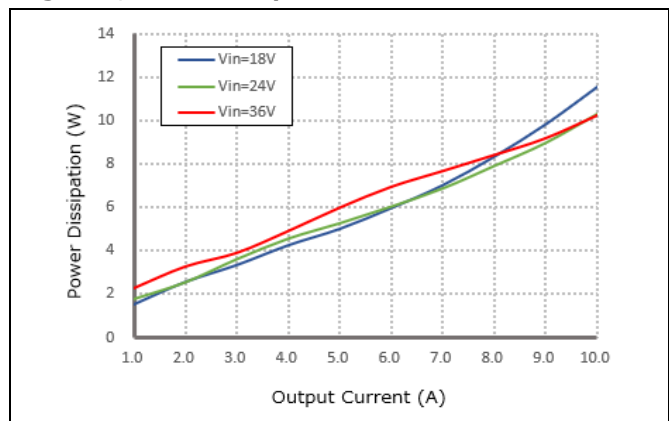
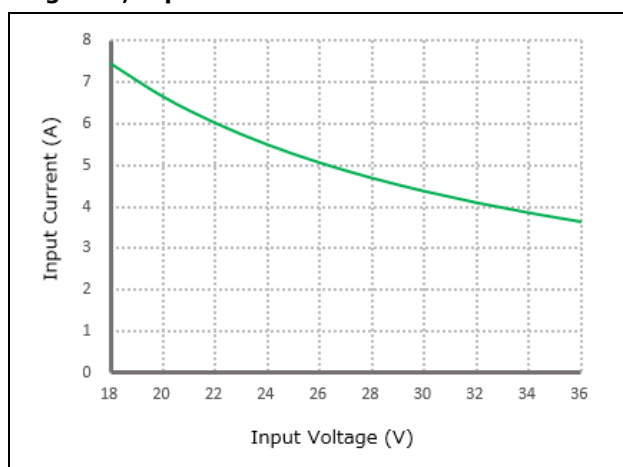
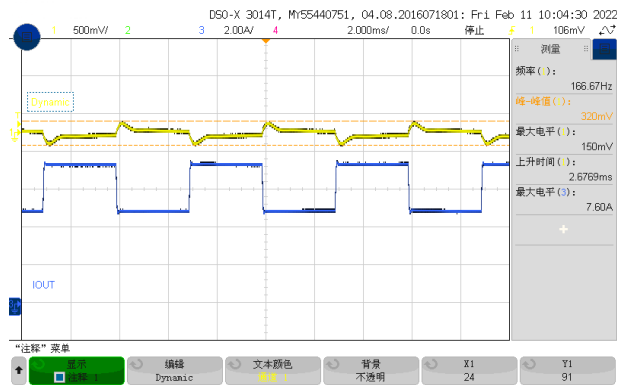
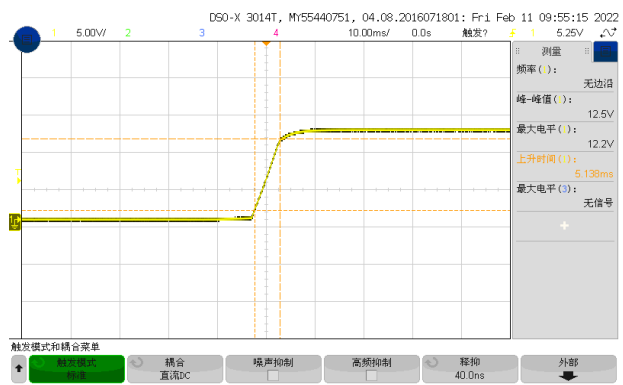
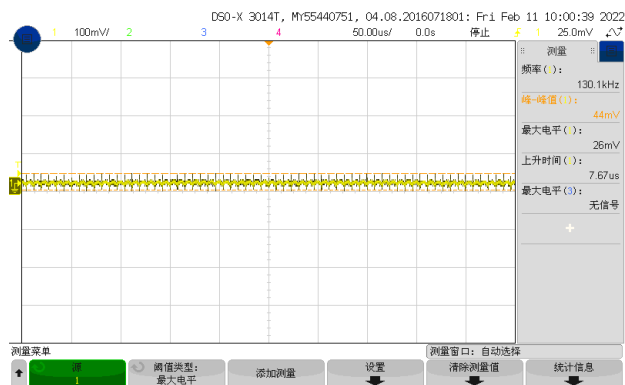
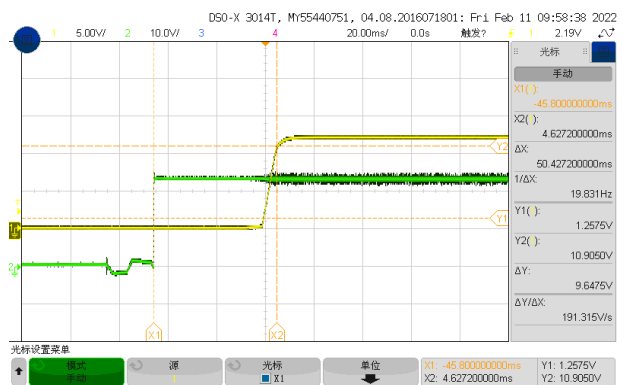
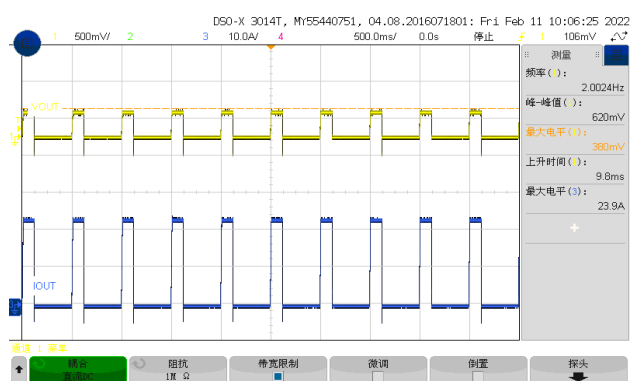


Figure 3, Input V-I



Typical Waveforms

Conditions: $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (77°F), $V_{in} = 24\text{V}$, unless otherwise specified.

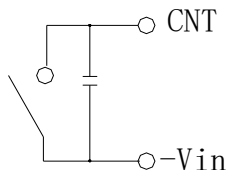
Figure 4, 50% - 75% load dynamic

Figure 5, Output voltage established ($I_{out} = 10\text{A}$)

Figure 6, Output ripple & noise ($I_{out} = 10\text{A}$)

Figure 7, Boot delay time

Figure 8, Short circuit & Output voltage


Feature Description

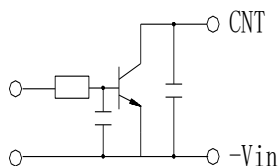
Remote On/Off (CNT) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low level (0 - 17Vdc)	High level (17 - 36Vdc)	Left open
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

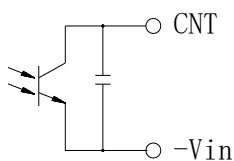
Various circuits for driving the CNT



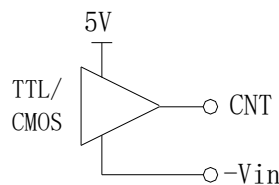
Simple control



Transistor control



Isolation control



Direct logic drive

Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

Overtemperature Protection

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

Output Overvoltage Protection

When the voltage directly across the output pins exceeds the output overvoltage protection threshold, the converter will enter hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

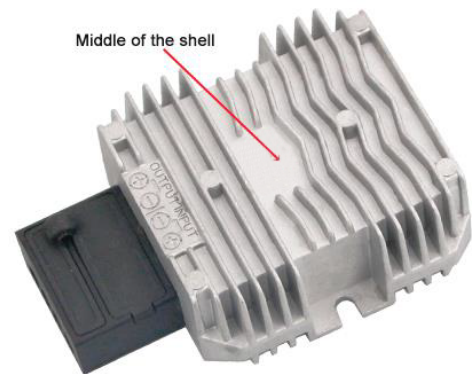
Reverse Protection

Reverse voltage protection circuits prevent damage to power supplies and electronic circuits in the event of a reverse voltage applied at the input terminals. The protection ensures that the components are not damaged by accidental swap of the power supply connections.

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WGI10-24S12M.

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WGI10-24S12M to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



Dimension (unit: mm)

