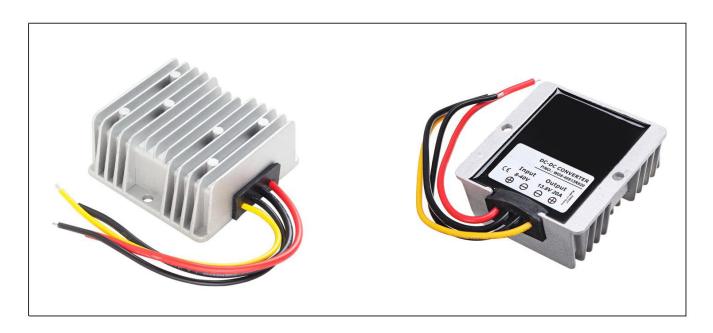


Model No.: WG8-40S13R820

Inpu	ıt voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
8-	40V DC	13.8V DC	20 Amps	276 Watts	96.2%	74*74*32mm



The WG8-40S13R820 is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of  $74 \text{mm} \times 74 \text{mm} \times 32 \text{mm}$  (2.91 in.  $\times$  2.91 in.  $\times$  1.26 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 13.8V and the maximum output current of 20A.

#### **Features**

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 96.2% (@ 12Vin, 25℃)
- Import capacitors, high reliability
- Input transient absorption protection
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, Over load, Low voltage protections
- Remote ON/OFF control (optional)
- Waterproof level IP68
- 1 Year warranty

### **Applications**

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

Model naming method

WG8-40S13R820

WG: Model

8-40 : Input rated voltageS : Single output type13.8 : Output voltage20 : Output current



# **Electrical Specifications**

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =12V, Vout =13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks		
Absolute maximum ratings							
Operating ambient	-40		. 55	9.0			
temperature	-40	-	+55	°C			
Shell ambient	-40		80	°C			
temperature	-40	_					
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C			
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing		
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Kpa			
Altitude	-	-	4000	m			
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling		
Input characteristics							
Input voltage	8	12/24	40	V	-		
Max. input voltage	-	-	40	V	Continuous		
Undervoltage shutdown	7.0	7.3	7.5	V	Automatic recovery		
Undervoltage recovery	7.9	8.1	8.4	V	Automatic recovery		
Max. input current	-	-	38.8	Α	Vin =8V; Iout =20A		
No load current	-	55	80	mA	Vin =12V		
Positive electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is		
Negative electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter		
Enable PIN cable	-	-	-	AWG	If the product has this feature		
Fuse	-	30	-	А	Input positive has built-in fuse		
Output characteristics							
Efficiency	-	96.2	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =20A		
Output voltage	13.5	13.8	13.9	V	Vin =12V; Iout =20A		
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%			
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%			
Load Regulation	-	±2	-	%			
Overvoltage protection	-	-	-	V			
Output current	0	-	20	Α			
Overcurrent protection	-	23	24	А	Vin=12V		
External capacitance	-	-	-	μF	Don't need		
Output ripple and noise	-	109	300	mVp-p	Vin =8-40V; Iout=20A,		
Output ripple and noise					Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz		
Output voltage rise time	-	150	200	mS			
Boot delay time	-	173	200	mS			
Out voltage overshoot	-	1	2	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75% Load step		
Over temperature	-	-	90	°C	Shell temperature		
protection					5 comporatore		
Short circuit protection	-	Yes	-		Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not		
					damaged, Hiccup mode		
Positive electrode cable	14	_	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is		
Negative electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.		



Safety and EMC features						
	Input to Output	-	V	Lookaga gumant < 2 Front Amin		
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Shell	≥500	V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min,		
	Output to Shell ≥5		V	no breakdown, no arcing		
	Input to Output		ΜΩ			
Insulation resistance	Input to Shell	≥10		Test voltage = 500V		
	Output to Shell					
Other characteristics						
Weight	≤ 290		g			
Package White box						
MTBF ≥200,000		·	Н	Vin= 12V; Iout= 20A		
Switching frequency	120±10		KHz			

# **Characteristic Curves**

Conditions: TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C (77°F), Vin = 12V, Vout = 13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

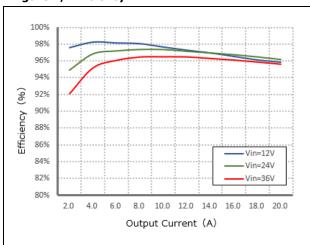


Figure 2, Power dissipation

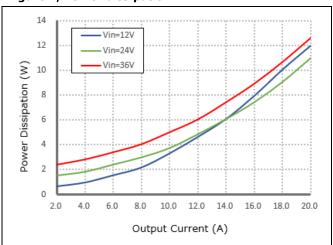
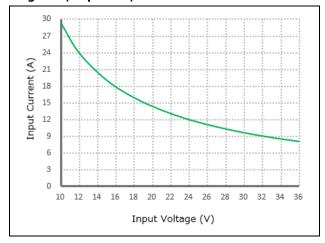


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=20A





# **Typical Waveforms**

Conditions: TA =  $25^{\circ}$  C (77° F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic



Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic



Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 20A)

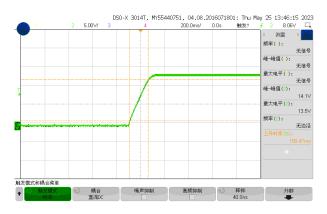
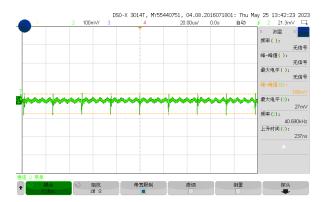


Figure 7, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 20A)



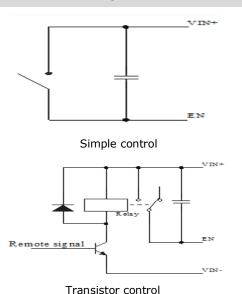


#### **Feature Description**

### Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic	Low level	High level	Left open
Enable	(0 - 8Vdc)	(8-40Vdc)	
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

## Various circuits for driving the EN



### **Input Undervoltage Protection**

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

## **Output Overcurrent Protection**

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

### **Overtemperature Protection**

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

### **Wiring Instructions**

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.



# **Thermal Consideration**

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WG8-40S13R820

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WG8-40S13R820 to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



## **Dimension**

