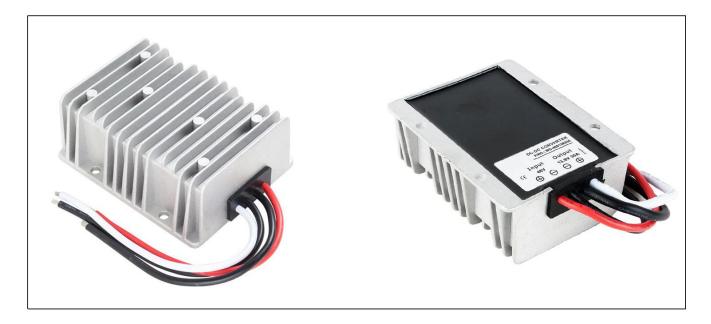


Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
30-60V DC	13.8V DC	30 Amps	414 Watts	95.3%	100*80*39mm



The WG-48S13R830 is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 100mm x 80mm x 39mm (3.94 in. x 3.15 in. x 1.54 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 13.8V and the maximum output current of 30A.

### Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 95.3% (@48Vin, 25 $^{\circ}\!\!\!\mathrm{C}$ )
- Non-isolated between input and output
- 100% full stable current output
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, Over load, Low voltage protections
- Remote ON/OFF control (optional)
- Waterproof level IP67
- 2 Years warranty

## Model naming method

# WG-48S13R830

# Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

- **S** : Single output type
  - 13R8 : Output voltage 13.8V

48 : Input rated voltage

30 : Output current



## **Electrical Specifications**

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =48V, Vout =13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Remarks	
Absolute maximum rati	ngs					
Operating ambient						
temperature	-40	-	+55	°C		
Shell ambient						
temperature	-40	-	80	°C	C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C		
Operating humidity	5	_	95	%	Non-condensing	
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Кра		
Altitude	-	_	4000	m		
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling	
Input characteristics						
Input voltage	30	36/48	60	v	-	
Max. input voltage			60	v	Continuous	
Undervoltage shutdown	26.3	26.5	26.8	v	Automatic recovery	
Undervoltage recovery	20.3	20.5	20.8	V	Automatic recovery Automatic recovery	
Max. input current	-	27.5	15	A	Vin = 30V; Iout = 30A	
No load current	-	109			Vin =48V	
Positive electrode cable	- 14		120	mA AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is	
	14	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	
Negative electrode cable	-	-	_			
Enable PIN cable		- 20		AWG	If the product has this feature	
Fuse	-	30	-	A	Input positive has built-in fuse	
Output characteristics		05.2		0/		
Efficiency	-	95.3	-	%	Vin =48V; Iout =30A	
Output voltage	13.6	13.8	13.9	V	Vin =48V; Iout =30A	
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%		
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%		
Load Regulation	-	±2	-	%		
Overvoltage protection	-	-	-	V		
Output current	0	-	30	A	Vin =30-60V	
Overcurrent protection	32	38	45	A	Vin=48V	
External capacitance	-	NA	-	μF	Don't need	
Output ripple and noise	-	110	200	mVp-p	Vin =30-60V; Iout=30A,	
					Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz	
Output voltage rise time	-	74	100	mS		
Boot delay time	-	86	200	mS		
Out voltage overshoot	-	1	2	%	Vin =48V, 50%-75% Load step	
Over temperature	-	-	90	°C	Shell	
protection						
Short circuit protection	-	Yes	-		Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not	
					damaged, Hiccup mode	
Positive electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is	
Negative electrode cable	12	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	

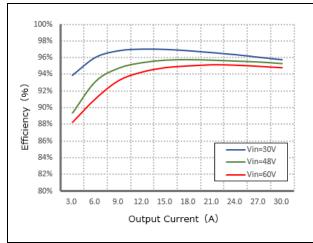


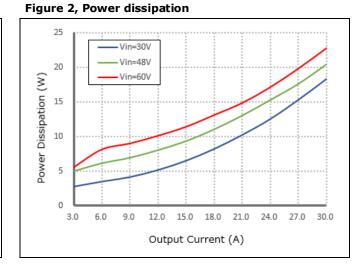
Safety and EMC feature	S				
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	-	V		
	Input to Shell	≥500	V	Leakage current $\leq$ 3.5mA, 1min,	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	<ul> <li>no breakdown, no arcing</li> </ul>	
	Input to Output		MΩ		
Insulation resistance	Input to Shell	≥10		Test voltage = 500V	
	Output to Shell				
Other characteristics					
Weight	≤ 550		g		
Package	White box				
MTBF	≥200,000		н	Vin= 48V; Iout= 30A	
Switching frequency	100±10		KHz		

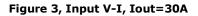
# **Characteristic Curves**

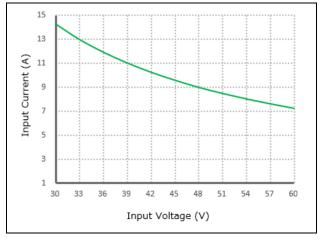
Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 48V, Vout = 13.8V, unless otherwise specified.













## **Typical Waveforms**

Conditions: TA =  $25^{\circ}$  C (77° F), Vin = 48V, unless otherwise specified.

## Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic

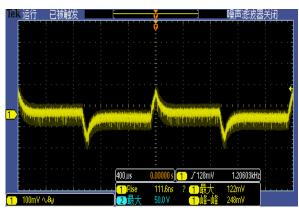


Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 30A)

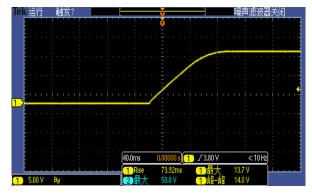


Figure 8, Boot delay time (Iout = 30A)

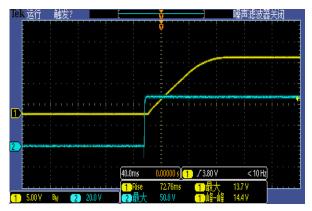
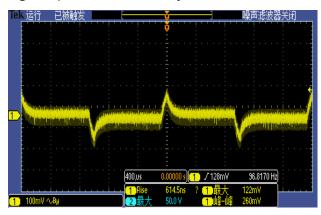


Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic





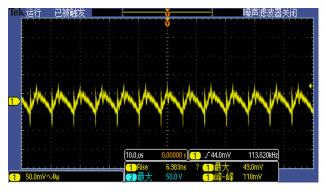
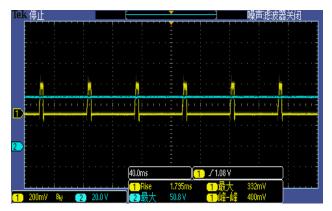


Figure 9, Short-circuit & Output voltage (Iout = 30A)

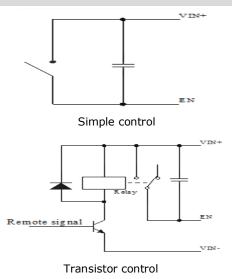




#### **Feature Description**

Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)					
Logic Enable	Low level (0 - 30Vdc)	High level (30-60Vdc)	Left open		
Positive logic	Off	On	Off		

## Various circuits for driving the EN



#### **Overtemperature Protection**

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

#### Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

#### **Output Overcurrent Protection**

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

#### **Wiring Instructions**

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.



# **Thermal Consideration**

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WG-48S13R830

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WG-48S13R830 to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



## Dimension (unit: mm)

